

Dictionary of Unusual Syndromes, Phobias, and Conditions

Abasiophilia -- The erotic focus is on a partner who is lamed, crippled, and unable to walk. Case examples have been described under other names including orthopedic fetishism.

Ablutophobia- Fear of washing or bathing.

Abt-Larsson-Sjogren syndrome – A form of severe mental deficiency endemic in Sweden.

Acarophobia- Fear of itching or of the insects that cause itching.

Accelerated skeletal maturation, Marshall Smith type – A syndrome of motor and mental retardation, accelerated skeletal maturation, failure to thrive, and abnormal facies.

Acerophobia- Fear of sourness.

Achluophobia- Fear of darkness.

Acousticophobia- Fear of noise.

Acrophobia- Fear of heights.

Acrotomophilia -- Sexual focus is the stump of a partner that has resulted from the amputation of a body part. Typically there is attraction to a partner who already has a stump. Some have requested that a partner have a limb amputated to obtain a stump. Some cases involve a focus on mutilated genitalia.

Adolescentilism -- Sexual pleasure is derived from acting and dressing like an adolescent or by being treated as an adolescent by one's sexual partner. While some suggest this is sexual masochism, it is questionable whether the criteria for masochism are always met. The adolescent role-playing does not involve feelings of humiliation and suffering.

Adson's syndrome – A genetic disorder characterized by mental and motor deterioration and death within third year of life.

Aeroacrophobia- Fear of open high places.

Aeronausiphobia- Fear of vomiting secondary to airsickness.

Aerophobia- Fear of drafts, air swallowing, or airbourne noxious substances.

Agliophobia- Fear of pain.

Agoraphobia- Fear of open spaces or of being in crowded, public places like markets.
Fear of leaving a safe place.

Agraphobia- Fear of sexual abuse.

Agrizoophobia- Fear of wild animals.

Agyrophia- Fear of streets or crossing the street.

Ahasuerus' reaction – A variant of Munchhausen's syndrome.

Ahasuerus' syndrome – (Munchhausen's syndrome) – A type of malingering or factitious disorder in which the patient wanders from hospital to clinic to hospital, etc., feigning severe illness of dramatic and emergent nature, in order to be admitted or treated.

Aichmophobia- Fear of needles or pointed objects.

Ailurophobia- Fear of cats.

Albuminurophobia- Fear of kidney disease.

Ale-Calo syndrome – Syndrome characterized by a combination of mental retardation and a long list of physical abnormalities, including multiple extoses, peculiar facies, and loose redundant skin.

Alektorophobia- Fear of chickens.

Algophobia- Fear of pain.

Alice in Wonderland syndrome – A psychopathological syndrome of distorted space, time, and body image.

Alliumphobia- Fear of garlic.

Allodoxaphobia- Fear of opinions.

Altophobia- Fear of heights.

Alzheimer's sclerosis – See Alzheimer's dementia.

Alzheimer's dementia – The most common cause of presenile dementia. A chronic, progressive, organic, mental disease due to atrophy of the frontal and occipital lobes.

Alzheimer's disease – See Alzheimer's dementia.

Alzheimer's syndrome – See Alzheimer's dementia.

Alzheimer-Perusini disease – See Alzheimer's dementia.

Amathophobia- Fear of dust.

Amaxophobia- Fear of riding in a car.

Ambulophobia- Fear of walking.

Amnesiphobia- Fear of amnesia.

Amychophobia- Fear of scratches or being scratched.

Anablephobia- Fear of looking up.

Ancraophobia or Anemophobia- Fear of wind.

Andermann's syndrome – A familial syndrome affecting both sexes, characterized by agenesis of the corpus callosum, mental retardation, and progressive sensorimotor neuropathy.

Andromimetophilia -- A person who has an erotic focus on sexual partner who is andromimetic or in a sex-reassigned, female-to-male transsexual.
Andromimesis refers to a homosexual female who engages in male impersonation without sex-reassignment.

Androphobia- Fear of men.

Anemophobia- Fear of air drafts or wind.

Angelman's syndrome – A chromosome 15 disorder comprising microcephaly with mental retardation, epilepsy, ataxic gait, or complete inability to walk, muscle hypotonia, EEG abnormalities, and peculiar facies, marked by a protruding jaw and tongue.

Anginophobia- Fear of angina, choking or narrowness.

Anglophobia- Fear of England, English culture, etc.

Angrophobia - Fear of becoming angry.

Ankylophobia- Fear of immobility of a joint.

Anthrophobia or Anthophobia- Fear of flowers.

Anthropophobia- Fear of people or society.

Antlophobia- Fear of floods.

Anton's syndrome (Anton-Babinski syndrome) – A condition characterized by denial of blindness with resort to confabulation by blind person.

Anton-Babinski syndrome – See Anton's syndrome.

Anuptaphobia- Fear of staying single.

Apeirophobia- Fear of infinity.

Aphenphosmophobia- Fear of being touched. (Haphephobia)

Apiphobia- Fear of bees.

Apotemnophilia -- Sexual focus is on the stump resulting from one's own amputation. Some have requested amputation or engaged in self-mutilation to obtain a stump. Typically occurs in males, but has been reported in females

Apotemnophobia- Fear of persons with amputations.

Arachibutyrophobia- Fear of peanut butter sticking to the roof of the mouth.

Arachnophobia or Arachnophobia- Fear of spiders.

Arithmophobia- Fear of numbers.

Arrhenphobia- Fear of men.

Arsonphobia- Fear of fire.

Asboe-Hansen's disease – A complex congenital disturbance characterized by bizarre, widespread pigmented macules of unusual shapes and defects of teeth, eyes, nails, central nervous system, and hair.

Aschoff's bodies – See Aschoff's nodules.

Aschoff's nodules – Granuloma in the myocardium specific for rheumatic fever.

Aschoff-Fraenkel-Fahr bodies – See Aschoff's nodules.

Aschoff-Geipel bodies – See Aschoff's nodules.

Aschoff-Geipel nodules – See Aschoff's nodules.

Aschoff-Talalaev bodies – See Aschoff's nodules.

Aselli's glands – The lymph nodes near the pancreas.

Asperger's disorder – See Asperger's syndrome.

Asperger's syndrome – A serious disorder resembling autism.

Asthenophobia- Fear of fainting or weakness.

Astraphobia or Astrapophobia- Fear of thunder and lightning.

Astrophobia- Fear of stars and celestial space.

Asymmetriphobia- Fear of asymmetrical things.

Ataxiophobia- Fear of ataxia (muscular incoordination)

Ataxophobia- Fear of disorder or untidiness.

Atelophobia- Fear of imperfection.

Atephobia- Fear of ruin or ruins.

Athazagoraphobia- Fear of being forgotten or ignored or forgetting.

Atkin-Flaitz syndrome – See Atkin-Flaitz-Patil syndrome.

Atkin-Flaitz-Patil syndrome – An X-linked mental retardation syndrome associated with coarse facies.

Atkin-Flaitz-Patil-Smith syndrome – See Atkin-Flaitz-Patil syndrome.

Atomosophobia - Fear of atomic explosions.

Atychiphobia- Fear of failure.

Aulophobia- Fear of flutes.

Aurophobia- Fear of gold.

Auroraphobia- Fear of Northern lights.

Autagonistophilia -- Erotic focus involves being observed by an audience. May involve being seen on stage or on camera. Applicable in cases where the viewers are willing participants (as opposed to exhibitionism)

Autoabasiophilia -- Involves a focus on one's own condition of being lame, crippled, or unable to walk. Contrasts with abasiophilia which focuses on the disability of a partner. The vast majority is males, but it has been reported in females.

Autodysomophobia- Fear of one that has a vile odor.

Autogynephilia -- Refers to a focus on sexually arousing cross-gender fantasies and behaviors in males.

Automatonophobia- Fear of ventriloquist's dummies, animatronic creatures, wax statues - anything that falsely represents a sentient being.

Automysophobia- Fear of being dirty.

Autophobia- Fear of being alone or of oneself.

Aviophobia or Aviatophobia- Fear of flying.

Bacillophobia- Fear of microbes.

Bacteriophobia- Fear of bacteria.

Ballistophobia- Fear of missiles or bullets.

Bamberger's disease – Clonic spasms of the leg muscles, producing tics and a peculiar jumping or springing motion.

Baron Muchhausen's syndrome (Munchhausen's syndrome) -- A type of malingering or factitious disorder in which the patient wanders from hospital to clinic to hospital, etc., feigning severe illness of dramatic and emergent nature, in order to be admitted or treated.

Barophobia- Fear of gravity.

Barr-Shaver-Carr syndrome – A chromosome XXXX syndrome with mental deficiency and variable abnormalities.

Bartter-Schwartz Syndrome – A syndrome of inappropriate secretion of anti-diuretic hormone causing headache, confusion, disorientation, hostility, and other mental aberrations without motor or sensory defects.

Basophobia or Basiphobia- Inability to stand. Fear of walking or falling.

Bathophobia- Fear of depth.

Batonophobia- Fear of plants.

Batophobia- Fear of heights or being close to high buildings.

Batrachophobia- Fear of amphibians, such as frogs, newts, salamanders, etc.

Batten disease – Juvenile amaurotic familial idiocy.

Batten's disease – See Batten's syndrome.

Batten's syndrome – Rare hereditary familial disease characterized by progressive muscular wasting, myotonia, cataracts, hypogonadism, and mental deterioration.

Batten-Gibb syndrome – See Batten's syndrome.

Batten-Kufs syndrome – A form of sphingolipidosis with onset of symptoms in adolescence.

Batten-Mayou disease – See Batten disease.

Batten-Spielmeyer-Vogt disease – See Batten disease.

Batten-Steinert syndrome – See Batten's syndrome.

Beare's syndrome – A syndrome characterized by pili torti, fragile nails, and mental retardation.

Belonephobia- Fear of pins and needles. (Aichmophobia)

Bernheimer-Seitelbeger syndrome – The infantile form of amaurotic family idiocy.

Bibliophobia- Fear of books.

Blennophobia- Fear of slime.

Bloch-Siemens syndrome – A complex, congenital disturbance characterized by bizarre, widespread pigmented macules of unusual shapes and defects of teeth, eyes, nails, central nervous system, and hair.

Bogyphobia- Fear of bogies or the bogeyman.

Bolshephobia- Fear of Bolsheviks.

Bonhoeffer's sign – (Bonhoeffer's symptom, Bonhoeffer's symptom complex, Bonhoeffer's syndrome, Bonhoeffer's type of reaction) – A mental symptom complex, explained by a defined metabolic, infectious, traumatic, or toxic poisoning directly or indirectly damaging the central nervous system.

Bonhoeffer's symptom complex – See Bonhoeffer's sign.

Bonhoeffer's symptoms – See Bonhoeffer's sign.

Bonhoeffer's syndrome – See Bonhoeffer's sign.

Bonhoeffer's type of reaction – See Bonhoeffer's sign.

Bourneville syndrome – Adenoma sebaceum, tuberous sclerosis, mental deficiency, and convulsions, without the subungual and periungual warty fibromas of Bourneville-Pringle.

Bourneville's disease – A syndrome of epilepsy, severe mental retardation associated with adenoma sebaceum of the face, cerebral cortical tubers, and hamartomatous tumours of the heart and kidney.

Bourneville's syndrome – See Bourneville's disease.

Bourneville-Brissaud disease – See Bourneville's disease.

Bourneville-Pringle disease – See Bourneville's disease.

Brachmann-Cornelia de Lange syndrome – Congenital malformation syndrome.

Brachmann-de Lange syndrome – See Brachmann-Cornelia de Lange syndrome.

Braid's strabismus – Induction of hypnosis by turning the eyes simultaneously upward and inward.

Briquet Disorder (Briquet's syndrome I, Brissaud-Marie syndrome) – A personality disorder in which alcoholism and somatization disorder occur.

Briquet's syndrome I – See Briquet disorder

Briquet's syndrome II – Hysterical paralysis of the diaphragm with aphonia and apnoea.

Brissaud's disease (Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome, Brissaud's syndrome) A rare psychoneurological disorder with onset in childhood, usually at the age of 7 to 10 years, characterized by echolalia, pallilalia, and coprolalia, a want for touch, and stuttering.

Brissaud's infantilism – Hypophyseal dwarfism.

Brissaud's syndrome – See Brissaud's disease.

Brissaud's syndrome – See Brissaud's infantilism.

Brissaud-Marie syndrome – See Briquet disorder

Brissaud-Meige syndrome – See Brissaud's infantilism.

Brodie's disease I – Hysterical pseudofracture of the spine.

Bromidrosiphobia or Bromidrophobia- Fear of body smells.

Brontophobia- Fear of thunder and lightning.

Bruck-de Lange disease – A congenital syndrome of muscular hypertrophy, extrapyramidal disorders, and mental deficiency.

Bruck-de lange syndrome – See Bruck-de Lange disease.

Bufonophobia- Fear of toads.

Cacophobia- Fear of ugliness.

Cainophobia or Cainotophobia- Fear of newness, novelty

Caligynephobia- Fear of beautiful women.

Canavan's disease – A progressive, degenerative disorder of the central nervous system characterized by spongy changes in white matter.

Canavan's sclerosis – See Canavan's disease.

Canavan's syndrome – See Canavan's disease.

Canavan-van Bogaert-Bertrand syndrome – See Canavan's disease.

Cancerophobia- Fear of cancer.

Capgras' delusion – The delusion that a close relative or friend has been replaced by an imposter, an exact double, despite recognition of familiarity in appearance and behavior.

Capgras' illusion – See Capgras' delusion.

Capgras' paranoia – See Capgras' delusion.

Capgras' syndrome – See Capgras' delusion.

Capgras' syndrome – See Capgras' delusion.

Carcinophobia- Fear of cancer.

Cardiophobia- Fear of the heart.

Carnophobia- Fear of meat.

Carr-Barr-Plunkett syndrome – A chromosome XXXX syndrome with mental deficiency and variable abnormalities.

Catagelophobia- Fear of being ridiculed.

Catapedaphobia- Fear of jumping from high and low places.

Cathisophobia- Fear of sitting.

Catoptrophobia- Fear of mirrors.

Cenophobia or Centophobia- Fear of new things or ideas.

Ceraunophobia- Fear of thunder.

Cervanka's syndrome – An inherited disorder characterized by craniofacial anomalies, skeletal abnormalities, obesity, mental retardation, and myotonia; without short stature or hypogonadism.

Chaetophobia- Fear of hair.

Charlevoix disease – A familial syndrome affecting both sexes, characterized by agenesis of the corpus callosum, mental retardation, and progressive sensorimotor neuropathy.

Cheimaphobia or Cheimatophobia- Fear of cold.

Chemophobia- Fear of chemicals or working with chemicals.

Cherophobia- Fear of gaiety.

Cheshire Cat syndrome – A medical eponym taken from Alice in Wonderland

Chionophobia- Fear of snow.

Chiraptophobia- Fear of being touched.

Cholerophobia- Fear of anger or the fear of cholera.

Chorophobia- Fear of dancing.

Christian's brachydactyly syndrome – A familial syndrome of mental retardation, brachydactyly, short thumbs, and hallux varus with varism.

Chrometophobia or Chrematophobia- Fear of money.

Chromophobia or Chromatophobia- Fear of colors.

Chronomentrophobia- Fear of clocks.

Chronophobia- Fear of time.

Cibophobia or Sitophobia or Sitiophobia- Fear of food.

Cinderella complex – An unconscious desire to be taken care of by others, based primarily on a fear of being independent.

Cinderella stepmother syndrome – Overcompensation by a stepmother in an effort to find acceptance in a new family situation.

Cinderella's syndrome – False accusation by adopted children of being mistreated or neglected by their adoptive mothers.

Claustrophobia- Fear of confined spaces.

Cleithrophobia or Cleisiophobia- Fear of being locked in an enclosed place.

Cleptophobia- Fear of stealing.

Clerambault's syndrome – A condition in which a woman becomes deluded that a certain man is in love with her.

Clerambault-Kadinsky syndrome – A confusing clinical entity in which the patient believes his mind is being controlled by someone else or external forces.

Climacophobia- Fear of stairs, climbing or of falling downstairs.

Clinophobia- Fear of going to bed.

Clithrophobia or Cleithrophobia- Fear of being enclosed.

Cnidophobia- Fear of strings.

Cockayne's syndrome – Symptom complex with long list of clinical features, including dwarfism with disproportionately long extremities and large hands and feet, kyphosis, cold blue extremities, beak-like nose, and mental retardation.

Cohen's syndrome – See Cervanka's syndrome.

Coimetrophobia- Fear of cemeteries.

Coitophobia- Fear of coitus.

Cometophobia- Fear of comets.

Contreltophobia- Fear of sexual abuse.

Coprastaphobia- Fear of constipation.

Coprophilia -- Also called coprolagnia. Represents a specific focus on feces. Some refer to this as the act of elimination, others to consumption of excrement. Some may have an increased interest in the excreting of one's partner or in playing with fecal matter.

Coprophobia- Fear of feces.

Cornelia de Lange's syndrome – See Brachmann-Cornelia de Lange syndrome.

Cornelia de Lange's syndrome II – A congenital syndrome of muscular hypertrophy, extrapyramidal disorders, and mental deficiency.

Coulrophobia- Fear of clowns.

Counterphobia- The preference by a phobic for fearful situations.

Cremnophobia- Fear of precipices.

Critchley's syndrome – A strange condition of unknown etiology which almost exclusively affects young males aged 15-25 years. progressive muscle weakness and wasting, abnormal limb movement, progressive cognitive loss and red blood cell abnormalities

Cryophobia- Fear of extreme cold, ice or frost.

Crystallophobia- Fear of crystals or glass.

Curschmann-Batten syndrome – Rare, hereditary familial disease characterized by progressive muscular wasting, myotonia, cataracts, hypogonadism, and mental deterioration.

Curschmann-Batten-Steinert syndrome – See Curschmann-Batten syndrome.

Curschmann-Steinert syndrome – See Curschmann-Batten syndrome.

Curschmann-Steinert-Batten disease – See Curschmann-Batten syndrome.

Cyberphobia- Fear of computers or working on a computer.

Cyclophobia- Fear of bicycles.

Cymophobia- Fear of waves or wave like motions.

Cynophobia- Fear of dogs or rabies.

Cypridophobia, Cypriphobia, Cyprianophobia, or Cyprinophobia - Fear of prostitutes or venereal disease.

de Clerambault's syndrome – See Clerambault's syndrome.

de Lange's disease – A congenital syndrome of muscular hypertrophy, extrapyramidal disorders, and mental deficiency.

de Lange's syndrome – See de Lange's disease

de Morsier's syndrome II – A congenital disorder of hypothalamic function and reduced pituitary gonadotropic activity with resulting association of hypogonadism, eunuchoidism, and anosmia.

Decidophobia- Fear of making decisions.

Defecaloesiophobia- Fear of painful bowels movements.

Deipnophobia- Fear of dining and dinner conversations.

Dejerine-Lichtheim phenomenon – A phenomenon seen in subcortical motor aphasia. The patient is unable to speak but can indicate with his fingers the number of syllables in the word of which he is thinking.

Dejerine-Lichtheim symptom – See Dejerine-Lichtheim phenomenon.

Demential of the Alzheimer type – The most common cause of presenile dementia. A chronic, progressive organic, mental disease due to atrophy of the frontal and occipital lobes.

Dementophobia- Fear of insanity.

Demonophobia or Daemonophobia- Fear of demons.

Demophobia- Fear of crowds. (Agoraphobia)

Dendrophobia- Fear of trees.

Dentophobia- Fear of dentists.

Dermatophobia- Fear of skin lesions.

Dermatosiophobia or Dermatophobia or Dermatopathophobia- Fear of skin disease.

Desbuquois' syndrome – A familial syndrome with a wide clinical spectrum characterized by peculiar skeletal changes, overstretchable joints and facial changes.

Desbuquois-Grenier-Michel syndrome – See Desbuquois' syndrome.

Dextrophobia- Fear of objects at the right side of the body.

Diabetophobia- Fear of diabetes.

Didaskaleinophobia- Fear of going to school.

Dikephobia- Fear of justice.

Dimitri's hemangiomas syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Dinophobia- Fear of dizziness or whirlpools.

Diplophobia- Fear of double vision.

Dipsophobia- Fear of drinking.

Dishabiliophobia- Fear of undressing in front of someone.

Dollinger-Bielschowsky syndrome – The infantile form of amaurotic family idiocy.

Domatophobia or Oikophobia- Fear of houses or being in a house.

Doraphobia- Fear of fur or skins of animals.

Down's syndrome – Mental retardation due to trisomy of chromosome 21, associated with characteristic facies and habitus.

Dromophobia- Fear of crossing streets.

Dutchphobia- Fear of the Dutch.

Dyggve's syndrome – See Dyggve-Melchior-Clausen dwarfism.

Dyggve-Melchior-Clausen dwarfism – A familial skeletal disorder characterized by short trunk dwarfism, exaggerated lordosis, protrusion of the sternum, flattened vertebral bodies, small hands and feet, clawed fingers, and mental retardation.

Dyggve-Melchior-Clausen syndrome – See Dyggve-Melchior-Clausen dwarfism.

Dysmorphophobia- Fear of deformity.

Dystychiphobia- Fear of accidents.

Ecclesiophobia- Fear of church

Ecophobia- Fear of home.

Eicophobia or Oikophobia- Fear of home surroundings.

Eisoptrophobia- Fear of mirrors or of seeing oneself in a mirror.

Ekbom's syndrome – An unpleasant creeping sensation in the lower limbs, when the patient is at rest, inducing an intolerable restlessness and a desire to move the legs to relieve it.

Ekbom's syndrome II – A delusional syndrome in which the patient imagines the symptoms of parasitic infestation of the skin.

Electrophobia- Fear of electricity.

Eleutherophobia- Fear of freedom.

Elurophobia- Fear of cats. (Ailurophobia)

Emetophobia- Fear of vomiting.

Enetophobia- Fear of pins.

Enochlophobia- Fear of crowds.

Enosiophobia or Enissophobia- Fear of having committed an unpardonable sin or of criticism.

Entomophobia- Fear of insects.

Eosophobia- Fear of dawn or daylight.

Epistaxiophobia- Fear of nosebleeds.

Epistemophobia- Fear of knowledge.

Equinophobia- Fear of horses.

Eremophobia- Fear of being oneself or of loneliness.

Ereuthrophobia- Fear of blushing.

Ergasiophobia- 1) Fear of work or functioning. 2) Surgeon's fear of operating.

Ergophobia- Fear of work.

Erotophobia- Fear of sexual love or sexual questions.

Erythrophobia, Erytophobia or Ereuthrophobia- 1) Fear of redlights. 2) Blushing. 3) Red.

Escalante's syndrome – A syndrome comprising X-linked mental retardation in children with macroorchidism, prognathism, hypotonia, and autism, and a characteristic but variable facies.

Euphobia- Fear of hearing good news.

Eurotophobia- Fear of female genitalia.

Fahr's disease – A rare, idiopathic disease which manifests in middle age characterized by punctuate areas of non-arteriosclerotic calcination in parts of the gray and dentate nuclei, particularly of smaller brain vessels.

Fahr's intracerebral calcinosis – See Fahr's disease.

Fahr's syndrome – See Fahr's disease.

Falret's syndrome – Manic-depressive psychosis.

Febriphobia, Fibriphobia or Fibriophobia- Fear of fever

Felinophobia- Fear of cats. (Ailurophobia, Elurophobia, Galeophobia, Gatophobia)

Feuerstein-Mims syndrome – A congenital syndrome of anomalies affecting multiple body systems, especially the skin, skeleton, eyes, and central nervous system.

Folling's disease – An inborn error of metabolism in which the body lacks the ability to break down the amino acid fenylalanin in the blood, causing severe mental deficiency.

Folling's syndrome – See Folling's disease.

Forel's "word salad" – Confused speech occurring in schizophrenia.

Formicophilia -- Subtype of Zoophilia where the focus is on small creatures like snails, frogs, ants, etc. creeping or crawling on the body. Considered to be very rare.

Franceschetti-Thier syndrome – A syndrome of mental retardation, multiple lipoma, and corneal dystrophy.

Franconi-Turler syndrome – A syndrome marked by cerebellar ataxia associated with uncoordinated eye movements, nystagmus, dysmetria, and mental retardation.

Francophobia- Fear of France, French culture. (Galophobia, Galiophobia)

Frigophobia- Fear of cold, cold things.

Galeophobia or Gatophobia- Fear of cats.

Galophobia or Galiophobia- Fear France, French culture. (Francophobia)

Gamophobia- Fear of marriage.

Ganser's syndrome – A factitious disorder, characterized by the individual mimicking behavior he or she thinks is typical of a psychosis, providing nonsensical or wrong answers to questions, and doing things incorrectly.

Ganser-Dammerzustand syndrome – See Ganser's syndrome.

Geliophobia- Fear of laughter.

Geniophobia- Fear of chins.

Genophobia- Fear of sex.

Genuphobia- Fear of knees.

Gephyrophobia, Gephydrophobia, or Gephysrophobia- Fear of crossing bridges.

Gerascophobia- Fear of growing old.

Germanophobia- Fear of Germany, German culture, etc.

Gerontophilia -- The erotic focus involves a sexual partner who is in the age range of an individual's parent or grandparent

Gerontophobia- Fear of old people or of growing old.

Gerstmann syndrome II – Gyrus angularis syndrome with right-left disorientation.

Gerstmann's syndrome – See Gerstmann syndrome II.

Gerstmann-Badal syndrome – See Gerstmann syndrome II.

Geumaphobia or Geumophobia- Fear of taste.

Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome – See Brissaud's disease.

Gilman and Barrett neuroaxonal dystrophy type I – A very rare disease with degeneration of the globus pallidus, red nucleus, and substantia nigra of the brain. It is characterized by progressive Parkinson-like rigidity, athetotic movements, and progressive mental and emotional retardation.

Glossophobia- Fear of speaking in public or of trying to speak.

Gnosiophobia- Fear of knowledge.

Graphophobia- Fear of writing or handwriting.

Guinon's disease – See Brissaud's disease.

Guinon's disease – See Brissaud's disease.

Guinon's myospasmia impulsive – See Brissaud's disease.

Gymnophobia- Fear of nudity.

Gynandromorphilic cross-dressers – Desired other to be cross-dresser and identified self as a cross-dresser.

Gynandromorphophiliacs -- desired the other to be a cross-dresser, but did not identify self as such

Gynemimetophilia -- A person who has an erotic focus on a partner who is a gynemimetic, or in some instances, a sex-reassigned, male-to-female transsexual. Gynemimesis refers to a homosexual male who engages in female impersonation without sex reassignment. In females it is equivalent to andromimetophilia

Gynephobia or Gynophobia- Fear of women.

Hadeophobia- Fear of hell.

Hagiophobia- Fear of saints or holy things.

Hallervoden-Spatz disease – See Gilman and Barrett neuroaxonal dystrophy type I.

Hallervorden-Spatz syndrome – See Gilman and Barrett neuroaxonal dystrophy type I.

Hamartophobia- Fear of sinning.

Hanhart's syndrome – A syndrome characterized by keratosis Palmaris et plantaris from infancy, with lacrimation, persistent dendritic lesions of the cornea with unaffected corneal sensitivity, photophobia, mental retardation, and self-mutilating behavior.

Haphephobia or Haptophobia- Fear of being touched.

Happy puppet syndrome – See Angelman's syndrome.

Harpaxophobia- Fear of being robbed.

Hedonophobia- Fear of feeling pleasure.

Heliophobia- Fear of the sun.

Hellenologophobia- Fear of Greek terms or complex scientific terminology.

Helminthophobia- Fear of being infested with worms.

Hemophobia or Hemaphobia or Hematophobia- Fear of blood.

Heresyphobia or Hereiophobia- Fear of challenges to official doctrine or of radical deviation.

Herpetophobia- Fear of reptiles or creepy, crawly things.

Herrmann-Opitz syndrome I – A severe developmental anomaly with mental retardation, acrocephalosyndactyly and long list of other abnormalities.

Herrmann-Pallister syndrome – Malformation and dysmorphism syndrome with the triad of dwarfism, mental retardation, and skeletal anomalies.

Herrmann-Pallister-Opitz syndrome – See Herrmann-Pallister syndrome.

Heterophobia- Fear of the opposite sex. (Sexophobia)

Hierophobia- Fear of priests or sacred things.

Hippophobia- Fear of horses.

Hippopotomonstrosesquippedaliophobia- Fear of long words.

Hobophobia- Fear of bums or beggars.

Hodophobia- Fear of road travel.

Homichlophobia- Fear of fog.

Homilophobia- Fear of sermons.

Hominophobia- Fear of men.

Homophobia- Fear of sameness, monotony or of homosexuality or of becoming homosexual.

Hoplophobia- Fear of firearms.

Hormephobia- Fear of shock.

Huck Finn Syndrome – The condition or act of a shirking or neglecting one's duties or obligations, as when staying away from school without permission, arising from parental rejection, feelings of rejection, and superior intelligence.

Huck Finn syndrome II – Social and psychological maladjustment of normal or bright children of retarded parents.

Huckleberry Finn's syndrome – See Huck Finn syndrome.

Huckleberry Finn's syndrome I – See Huck Finn syndrome.

Huckleberry Finn's syndrome II – See Huck Finn syndrome II.

Hunter's disease – Rare hereditary disorder characterized by dwarfism, a coarse facies, hepatosplenomegaly, digital contractures, and mental retardation and deafness.

Hunter's syndrome – See Hunter's disease.

Hunter's syndrome (Hurler's syndrome) – A metabolic disease characterized by dwarfism, hunchback, gargoyle like facies, mental retardation, and a large number of other abnormalities.

Hurler's disease -- See Hunter's syndrome (Hurler's syndrome).

Hurler's syndrome – See Hunter's syndrome (Hurler's syndrome).

Hurler's variant – An inborn error of metabolism with features similar to a mild form of the Hurler syndrome.

Hurler-Hunter syndrome -- See Hunter's syndrome (Hurler's syndrome).

Hurler-Pfaundler syndrome -- See Hunter's syndrome (Hurler's syndrome).

Hurler-Scheie syndrome – A metabolic syndrome combining the symptoms less severe than Hurler's syndrome, more severe than Scheie's syndrome.

Hybristophilia -- The sexual focus is on having a sexual partner who is known to have committed an outrage or crime, such as rape, murder, or armed robbery. Focus may be on a sexual partner who has been incarcerated for criminal activity. May urge the partner to commit a crime and thus be convicted. Some cases involve women who marry men who are in prison

Hydrargyrophobia- Fear of mercurial medicines.

Hydrophobia- Fear of water or of rabies.

Hydrophobophobia- Fear of rabies.

Hyalophobia or Hyalophobia- Fear of glass.

Hygrophobia- Fear of liquids, dampness, or moisture.

Hylephobia- Fear of materialism OR the fear of epilepsy.

Hylophobia- Fear of forests.

Hypenagophobia or Hypegiaphobia- Fear of responsibility.

Hypnophobia- Fear of sleep or of being hypnotized.

Hypoxiphilia -- Defined as the achievement or enhancement of sexual arousal due to decreased arterial blood flow producing oxygen deprivation and an increase in carbon dioxide.

Hypsiphobia- Fear of height.

Iatrophobia- Fear of going to the doctor or of doctors.

Ichthyophobia- Fear of fish.

Ideophobia- Fear of ideas.

Illyngophobia- Fear of vertigo or feeling dizzy when looking down.

Infantilism -- Also known as autonepiophilia. Sexual pleasure is derived from acting and dressing like an infant or by being treated as an infant by one's sexual partner.

Insectophobia - Fear of insects.

Iophobia- Fear of poison.

Isolophobia- Fear of solitude, being alone.

Isopterophobia- Fear of termites, insects that eat wood.

Ithyphallophobia- Fear of seeing, thinking about or having an erect penis.

Jadassohn's nevus phakomatosis – A congenital syndrome of anomalies affecting multiple body systems, especially the skin, skeleton, eyes, and central nervous system.

Jahnke's syndrome (variant without glaucoma) – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Jansky-Bielschowsky disease – The infantile form of amaurotic family idiocy.

Jansky-Bielschowsky syndrome – See Jansky-Bielschowsky disease.

Japanophobia- Fear of Japanese.

Johnie McL disease -- See Hunter's syndrome (Hurler's syndrome).

Judeophobia- Fear of Jews.

Kahlbaum's syndrome I – A no longer used term for a hereditary, chronic form of schizophrenia.

Kahlbaum's syndrome II – Continuous and purposeless repetition of words and sentences that are either meaningless or have no significance, in a certain rhythm.

Kainolophobia- Fear of novelty

Kainophobia- Fear of anything new, novelty.

Kakorrhaphiophobia- Fear of failure or defeat.

Kalischer's syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Kallman's syndrome – A congenital disorder of hypothalamic function and reduced pituitary gonadotropic activity with resulting association of hypogonadism, ennuchoidism, and anosmia.

Kallmann-de Morsier syndrome – See Kallman's syndrome.

Kandinsky complex – A confusing clinical entity in which the patient believes his mind is being controlled by someone else or external forces.

Kandinsky-Clerambault complex – see Kandinsky complex.

Kandinsky-Clerambault syndrome – See Kandinsky complex.

Kanner's syndrome – See Asperger's syndrome.

Katagelophobia- Fear of ridicule.

Kathisophobia- Fear of sitting down.

Kaufman's syndrome II – A familial syndrome marked by mental and physical retardation.

Kaveggia's syndrome – A possibly independent entity of severe mental retardation, spastic disturbances of movements with athetoid cerebral palsy, dwarfism, and facial dysmorphies.

KBG syndrome – See Herrmann-Pallister syndrome.

Kenophobia- Fear of voids or empty spaces.

Keraunophobia- Fear of thunder and lightning.

Killian's syndrome – See Killian-Pallister syndrome.

Killian-Pallister syndrome – A multiple anomaly/mental retardation syndrome.

Kinetophobia or Kinesophobia- Fear of movement or motion.

Kleine-Levin syndrome – See Critchley's syndrome.

Kleine-Levin-Critchley syndrome – See Critchley's syndrome.

Kleist's apraxia – A disturbance characterized by the inability to draw, write, or construct two- or three-dimensional geometric figures with matchsticks.

Kleptophilia -- The sexual focus involves illicitly entering and stealing from the dwelling of a stranger or potential partner. If objects are the focus, then fetishism may be the appropriate diagnosis. If the act (entering or stealing) and not the object is the focus then kleptophilia is appropriate. In some cases it may be associated with sexual sadism

Kleptophobia- Fear of stealing.

Klingmuller's syndrome – Syndrome characterized by a combination of mental retardation and a long list of physical abnormalities, including multiple extoses, peculiar facies, and loose, redundant skin.

Klismaphilia -- The paraphilic focus is on receiving an enema.

Koinonophobia- Fear of rooms.

Kolpophobia- Fear of genitals, particularly female.

Koniophobia- Fear of dust. (Amathophobia)

Kopophobia- Fear of fatigue.

Korsakoff's disease – A syndrome characterized by a severe memory defect, especially for recent event, for which the patient compensates by confabulation.

Korsakoff's psychosis – See Korsakoff's disease.

Korsakoff's symptom complex – See Korsakoff's disease.

Korsakoff's syndrome – See Korsakoff's disease

Kosmikophobia- Fear of cosmic phenomenon.

Krabbe's syndrome II – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Kraepelin's disease I – Systematized delusions developed without dementia or hallucinations.

Kraepelin's disease II – A neurosis triggered by tense activity.

Kraepelin-Morel disease – Schizophrenia.

Kretschmer's paranoia – A sustained disease picture in sensitive and insecure persons. The condition is similar to schizophrenia, but is curable.

Kretschmer's sensitive paranoia – See Kretschmer's paranoia.

Kretschmer's syndrome – See Kretschmer's paranoia.

Kuf's disease – A form of sphingolipidosis with onset of symptoms in adolescence.

Kuf's syndrome – See Kuf's disease.

Kuf's-Hallewörden disease – See Kuf's disease.

Kuf's-Mayer disease – See Kuf's disease.

Kussmaul's aphasia – Voluntary mutism.

Kymophobia- Fear of waves.

Kynophobia- Fear of rabies.

Kyphophobia- Fear of stooping.

Lachanophobia- Fear of vegetables

Laliophobia or Lalophobia- Fear of speaking.

Langdon Down disease – Mental retardation due to trisomy of chromosom 21, associated with characteristic facies and habitus.

Lange's syndrome II – A congenital syndrome of muscular hypertrophy, extrapyramidal disorders, and mental deficiencies.

Langer-Giedion syndrome – A syndrome characterized by a combination of mental retardation and a long list of physical abnormalities, including multiple extoses, peculiar facies, and loose, redundant skin.

Larsson's syndrome – A form of severe mental deficiency endemic in Sweden. No patients reported with low or normal intelligence.

Lasegue's syndrome I – An obsolete eponym for persecution mania.

Lasegue's syndrome II – A disturbance in conversion hysteria marked by hysterical anaesthesia with neuromuscular paralysis of an extremity when the eyes are closed.

Lasegue-Falret syndrome – Association psychosis syndrome prevalent among women living more or less confined.

Lawford's meningocutaneous syndrome – See Lawford's syndrome.

Lawford's syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Leprophobia or Lepraphobia- Fear of leprosy.

Leukophobia- Fear of the color white.

Levophobia- Fear of things to the left side of the body.

Lichtheim's disease – See Lichtheim's sign in aphasia.

Lichtheim's sign in aphasia – A phenomenon seen in subcortical motor aphasia.

Lichtheim's syndrome – See Lichtheim's sign in aphasia.

Ligyrophobia- Fear of loud noises.

Lilapsophobia- Fear of tornadoes and hurricanes.

Limnophobia- Fear of lakes.

Linonophobia- Fear of string.

Liticaphobia- Fear of lawsuits.

Lockiophobia- Fear of childbirth.

Logizomechanophobia- Fear of computers.

Logophobia- Fear of words.

Luiphobia- Fear of lues, syphilis.

Lutrathobia- Fear of otters.

Lygophobia- Fear of darkness.

Lyssophobia- Fear of rabies or of becoming mad.

Macrophobia- Fear of long waits

Maestre de San Juan-Kallmann syndrome – A congenital disorder of hypothalamic function and reduced pituitary gonadotropic activity with resulting association of hypogonadism, eunuchoidism, and anosmia.

Maestre-Kallmann-de Morsier syndrome – See Maestre de San Juan-Kallmann syndrome.

Mageirocophobia- Fear of cooking.

Magnan's sign – A crawling, illusory sensation of a foreign body under the skin, seen in cases of cocaine addiction.

Maieusiophobia- Fear of childbirth.

Maladie de Bourneville – A syndrome of epilepsy, severe mental retardation, associated with adenoma sebaceum of the face, cerebral cortical tubers and hamartomatous tumours of the heart and kidney.

Maladie de Mayer-Kufs – A form of sphingolipidosis with onset of symptoms in adolescence.

Malaxophobia- Fear of love play. (Sarmassophobia)

Maniaphobia- Fear of insanity.

Marie's anarthria – Loss of ability to articulate words in persons with focal cerebral lesions.

Marshall syndrome – A syndrome of motor and mental retardation, accelerated skeletal maturation, failure to thrive, and abnormal facies.

Marshall-Smith syndrome – See Marshall syndrome.

Martin-Bell syndrome – See Martin-Bell-Renpenning syndrome.

Martin-Bell-Renpenning syndrome – A syndrome comprising X-linked mental retardation in children with macroorchidism, prognathism, hypotonia, and autism, and a characteristic but variable facies.

Mastigophobia- Fear of punishment.

Mayer-Gross's syndrome – See Kleist's apraxia.

Meadow's syndrome – A peculiar form of child abuse. In most cases it is the mother inventing symptoms and fabricating signs in relation to her child, and thus causing the child painful and unnecessary physical examinations and treatments.

Mechanophobia- Fear of machines.

Medomalacuphobia- Fear of losing an erection.

Medorthophobia- Fear of an erect penis.

Megalophobia- Fear of large things.

Melanophobia- Fear of the color black.

Melissophobia- Fear of bees.

Melophobia- Fear or hatred of music.

Meningitophobia- Fear of brain disease.

Menophobia- Fear of menstruation.

Merinthophobia- Fear of being bound or tied up.

Metallophobia- Fear of metal.

Metathesiophobia- Fear of changes.

Meteorophobia- Fear of meteors.

Methyphobia- Fear of alcohol.

Metrophobia- Fear or hatred of poetry.

Meynert's amentia – See Korsokoff's syndrome.

Microbiophobia- Fear of microbes. (Bacillophobia)

Microphobia- Fear of small things.

Miller's syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Misophobia- Fear of being contaminated with dirt or germs. Mnemophobia- Fear of memories.

Mixoscopia -- Refers to the sexual focus that involves the observation of other individuals engaging in coitus. Applicable in cases where the individual being viewed is willing – voyeurism is diagnosed in cases involving an unsuspecting individual. Reciprocal paraphilia is autagonistophilia.

Molysmophobia or Molysomophobia- Fear of dirt or contamination.

Monopathophobia- Fear of definite disease.

Monophobia- Fear of solitude or being alone.

Morbus Down – See Down's syndrome.

Morbus Fahr – See Fahr's disease.

Morbus-Langdon-Down – See Down's syndrome.

Morphophilia -- Involves an erotic focus on one or more of the body characteristics of one's sexual partner. Seems to include partialism.

Morsier-Gauthier syndrome – See Kallmann's syndrome.

Motorphobia- Fear of automobiles.

Mottephobia- Fear of moths.

Munchhausen's mammae syndrome – A woman with normal breasts and without symptoms who demands over-frequent examination of her breasts.

Munchhausen's neurosis – See Ahasuerus' syndrome.

Munchhausen's syndrome – See Ahasuerus' syndrome.

Munchhausen's syndrome by proxy – See Meadow's syndrome.

Musophobia or Murophobia- Fear of mice.

Mycophobia- Fear or aversion to mushrooms.

Mycrophobia- Fear of small things.

Myctophobia- Fear of darkness.

Myrmecophobia- Fear of ants.

Mysophilia -- The paraphilic focus is on filth. May involve smelling, chewing, or otherwise utilizing sweaty or soiled clothing or articles of menstrual hygiene. One analytic interpretation was that this involves a symbolic association of sex with something that is dirty. The pairing is functional because any guilt associated with sexual behavior can be washed away.

Mysophobia- Fear of germs or contamination or dirt.

Mythophobia- Fear of myths or stories or false statements.

Myxophobia- Fear of slime. (Blennophobia)

Nebulophobia- Fear of fog. (Homichlophobia)

Necrophilia -- Defined in DSM-IV as sexual fantasies, urges, or behaviors involving human corpses.

Necrophobia- Fear of death or dead things.

Neill-Dingwall syndrome – Symptom complex with a long list of clinical features, including dwarfism with disproportionately long extremities and large hands and feet, kyphosis, cold blue extremities, beak-like nose, and mental retardation.

Nelophobia- Fear of glass.

Neopharmaphobia- Fear of new drugs.

Neophobia- Fear of anything new.

Nephophobia- Fear of clouds.

Neuhauser-Kaveggia syndrome – A possibly independent entity of severe mental retardation, spastic disturbances of movements with athetoid cerebral palsy, dwarfism, and facial dysmorphies.

Noctiphobia- Fear of the night.

Nomatophobia- Fear of names.

Nosocomophobia- Fear of hospitals

Nosophobia or Nosemaphobia- Fear of becoming ill.

Nostophobia- Fear of returning home.

Novercaphobia- Fear of your step-mother.

Nucleomituphobia- Fear of nuclear weapons.

Nudophobia- Fear of nudity.

Numerophobia- Fear of numbers.

Nyctohylophobia- Fear of dark wooded areas, of forests at night

Nyctophobia- Fear of the dark or of night.

Obesophobia- Fear of gaining weight.(Pocrescophobia)

Ochlophobia- Fear of crowds or mobs.

Ochophobia- Fear of vehicles.

Octophobia - Fear of the figure 8.

Odontophobia- Fear of teeth or dental surgery.

Odynophobia or Odynephobia- Fear of pain. (Algophobia)

Oenophobia- Fear of wines.

Oikophobia- Fear of home surroundings, house.

Olfactophilia -- The sexual focus involves smells and odors. The focus is frequently on body odors of a sexual partner, including genital odors

Olfactophobia- Fear of smells.

Ombrophobia- Fear of rain or of being rained on.

Ommetaphobia or Ommatophobia- Fear of eyes.

Oneirogmophobia- Fear of wet dreams.

Oneirophobia- Fear of dreams.

Onomatophobia- Fear of hearing a certain word or of names.

Ophidiophobia- Fear of snakes. (Snakephobia)

Ophthalmophobia- Fear of being stared at.

Optiz' N syndrome – Inheritable malformation-retardation syndrome with impaired hearing, visual disturbances, cryptorchism, hypospadias, and tetraspastic.

Optophobia- Fear of opening one's eyes.

Ornithophobia- Fear of birds.

Orthophobia- Fear of property.

Osmophobia or Osphresiophobia- Fear of smells or odors.

Ostracophobia- Fear of shellfish.

Ouranophobia- Fear of heaven.

Pagophobia- Fear of ice or frost.

Pallister's mosaicism syndrome – A multiple anomaly/mental retardation syndrome.

Pallister's syndrome – See Pallister's mosaicism syndrome.

Pallister's tetrasomy syndrome – See Pallister's mosaicism syndrome.

Pallister-Killian syndrome – See Pallister's mosaicism syndrome.

Pallister-Teschler-Nicola and Killian syndrome – See Pallister's mosaicism syndrome.

Panophobia or Pantophobia- Fear of everything.

Panthophobia- Fear of suffering and disease.

Papaphobia- Fear of the Pope.

Papyrophobia- Fear of paper.

Paralipophobia- Fear of neglecting duty or responsibility.

Paraphobia- Fear of sexual perversion.

Parasitophobia- Fear of parasites.

Paraskavedekatriaphobia- Fear of Friday the 13th.

Parkes Weber-Dimitri syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Parthenophobia- Fear of virgins or young girls.

Partialism -- Paraphilic focus is on some part of the partner’s body, such as the hands, legs, feet, breasts, buttocks, or hair. Appears to overlap with morphophilia. Since DSM-IV criteria indicate the focus of a fetish must involve the “use of nonliving objects” this condition cannot meet the criteria for that diagnosis.

Parturiphobia- Fear of childbirth.

Pathophobia- Fear of disease.

Patroiophobia- Fear of heredity.

Peccatophobia- Fear of sinning. (imaginary crime)

Pediculophobia- Fear of lice.

Pediophobia- Fear of dolls.

Pedophobia- Fear of children.

Peladophobia- Fear of bald people.

Pellagrophobia- Fear of pellagra.

Peniaphobia- Fear of poverty.

Pentheraphobia- Fear of mother-in-law. (Novercaphobia)

Pepper’s syndrome – An inherited disorder characterized by craniofacial anomalies, skeletal abnormalities, obesity, mental retardation, and myotonia; without short stature or hypogonadism.

Pfaundler-Hurler disease – See Hurler’s syndrome.

Pfaundler-Hurler syndrome – See Hurler’s syndrome.

Phagophobia- Fear of swallowing or of eating or of being eaten.

Phalacrophobia- Fear of becoming bald.

Phallophobia- Fear of a penis, esp erect.

Pharmacophobia- Fear of drugs.

Pharmacophobia- Fear of taking medicine.

Phasmophobia- Fear of ghosts.

Phengophobia- Fear of daylight or sunshine.

Philemaphobia or Philematophobia- Fear of kissing.

Philophobia- Fear of falling in love or being in love.

Philosophobia- Fear of philosophy.

Phobophobia- Fear of phobias.

Phonophobia- Fear of noises or voices or one's own voice; of telephones.

Photoaugliaphobia- Fear of glaring lights.

Photophobia- Fear of light.

Phronemophobia- Fear of thinking.

Phthiriophobia- Fear of lice. (Pediculophobia)

Phthisiophobia- Fear of tuberculosis.

Pictophilia -- The sexual focus involves viewing obscene or pornographic pictures, movies, or videos of sexual activity alone or with a partner. Differentiated from voyeurism because it does not involve the observation of unsuspecting individuals.

Pierre Marie Anarthria – Loss of ability to articulate words in persons with focal cerebral lesions.

Placophobia- Fear of tombstones.

Plutophobia- Fear of wealth.

Pluviophobia- Fear of rain or of being rained on.

Pneumatiphobia- Fear of spirits.

Pnigophobia or Pnigerophobia- Fear of choking or being smothered.

Pocrescophobia- Fear of gaining weight. (Obesophobia)

Pogonophobia- Fear of beards.

Poinophobia- Fear of punishment.

Poliosophobia- Fear of contracting poliomyelitis.

Politicophobia- Fear or abnormal dislike of politicians.

Polle's syndrome – See Meadow's syndrome.

Polyphobia- Fear of many things.

Ponophobia- Fear of overworking or of pain.

Porphyrophobia- Fear of the color purple.

Potamophobia- Fear of rivers or running water.

Potophobia- Fear of alcohol.

Pringle's adenoma sebaceum – A syndrome of epilepsy, severe mental retardation associated with adenoma sebaceum of the face, cerebral cortical tubers and hamartomatous tumors of the heart and kidney.

Pringle's disease – See Bourneville-Pringle disease.

Proctophobia- Fear of rectum.

Prosophobia- Fear of progress.

Protopopov's syndrome – A complex of sympaticotonic symptoms in manic-depressive psychosis: Tachycardia, dilated pupils, and obstipatio.

Protopopov's trias – See Protopopov's syndrome.

Psellismophobia- Fear of stuttering.

Psychophobia- Fear of mind.

Psychrophobia- Fear of cold.

Pteromerhanophobia- Fear of flying.

Pteronophobia- Fear of being tickled by feathers.

Pupaphobia - fear of puppets Pyrexiphobia- Fear of Fever.

Pyrophobia- Fear of fire.

Radiophobia- Fear of radiation, x-rays.

Ranidaphobia- Fear of frogs.

Rectophobia- Fear of rectum or rectal diseases.

Renpenning's syndrome – See Martin-Bell syndrome.

Rhabdophobia- Fear of being severely punished or beaten by a rod, or of being severely criticized. Also fear of magic.(wand)

Rhyphobia- Fear of defecation.

Rhytiphobia- Fear of getting wrinkles.

Richner's syndrome – A syndrome characterized by keratosis Palmaris et plantaris from infancy, with lacrimation, persistent dendritic lesions of the cornea with unaffected corneal sensitivity, photophobia, mental retardation, and self-mutilating behavior.

Richner-Hanhart syndrome – See Richner's syndrome.

Rimoin's syndrome – A familial syndrome, characterized by short-limbed dwarfism, metaphyseal dysostosis, recurrent ear infections, conductive deafness, and mild mental retardation.

Rimoin-Mcalister syndrome – See Rimoin's syndrome.

Rossolima-Curschmann-Batten-Steinert syndrome – See Rossolimo-Curschmann-Batten-Steinert myotinic dystrophy.

Rossolimo-Curschmann-Batten-Steinert myotinic dystrophy – Rare hereditary familial disease characterized by progressive muscular wasting, myotonia, cataracts, hypogonadism, and mental deterioration.

Rud's syndrome – A syndrome characterized by ichthyosis of the skin, usually present from early infancy, psychomotor retardation, epileptic seizures, short stature, retinitis pigmentosa, polyneuropathy, hypogonadism, and severe mental retardation.

Rupophobia- Fear of dirt.

Russophobia- Fear of Russians.

Sachs' disease – A genetic disorder characterized by mental and motor deterioration and death within third year of life.

Samhainophobia: Fear of Halloween.

Sander's disease – A form of paranoia.

Sarmassophobia- Fear of love play. (Malaxophobia)

Satanophobia- Fear of Satan.

Say-Meyer syndrome – A familial syndrome of trigonocephaly, short stature, and retarded psychomotor development.

Scabiophobia- Fear of scabies.

Scatophobia- Fear of fecal matter.

Scelerophobia- Fear of bad men, burglars.

Schimmelpenning's syndrome – See Schimmelpenning-Feuerstein-Mims syndrome.

Schimmelpenning-Feuerstein-Mims syndrome – A congenital syndrome of anomalies affecting multiple body systems, especially the skin, skeleton, eyes, and central nervous system.

Schinzel's acrocallosal syndrome – A syndrome of mental retardation, peculiar facies, absence of the corpus callosum, and polydactyly.

Schinzel's syndrome I – See Schinzel's acrocallosal syndrome.

Schirmer's syndrome – a congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Schwartz-Bartter syndrome – A syndrome of inappropriate secretion of antidiuretic hormone causing headache, confusion, disorientation, hostility, and other mental aberrations without motor or sensory defects.

Sciophobia Sciaphobia- Fear of shadows.

Scoleciphobia- Fear of worms.

Scolionophobia- Fear of school.

Scopophobia or Sceptophobia- Fear of being seen or stared at.

Scoptophilia -- Also referred to as scopophilia and scoptolagnia. It involves deriving sexual pleasure from viewing sexual activity. A special case is mixoscopia.

Scotomaphobia- Fear of blindness in visual field.

Scotophobia- Fear of darkness. (Achluophobia)

Scriptophobia- Fear of writing in public.

Seitelberger's disease – The infantile form of amaurotic family idiocy.

Selaphobia- Fear of light flashes.

Selenophobia- Fear of the moon.

Senile dementia of the Alzheimer type – See Alzheimer's disease.

Seplophobia- Fear of decaying matter.

Sesquipedalophobia- Fear of long words.

Sexophobia- Fear of the opposite sex. (Heterophobia)

Sheldon-Ellis syndrome – See Hurler's syndrome.

Siderodromophobia- Fear of trains, railroads or train travel.

Siderophobia- Fear of stars.

Siegert's sign – Short and incurving terminal phalanges of the little fingers in Down's syndrome.

Siemens-Bloch pigmented dermatosis – A complex congenital disturbance characterized by bizarre, widespread pigmented macules of unusual shapes and defects of teeth, eyes, nails, central nervous system, and hair.

Siemens-Bloch-Sulzberger disease – See Siemens-Bloch pigmented dermatosis.

Simenon's syndrome – See Clerambault's syndrome.

Simpson's syndrome – A syndrome of abdominal swelling, pseudocyesis, depression of diaphragm and lordosis of spine.

Sinistrophobia- Fear of things to the left, left-handed.

Sinophobia- Fear of Chinese, Chinese culture.

Sitophobia or Sitiophobia- Fear of food or eating. (Cibophobia)

Sjogren-Larsson syndrome – See Rud's syndrome.

Small's disease – A syndrome characterized by visual impairment and retinal changes ranging from tortuous vessels to exudative retinitis, neural deafness, muscle weakness, and mental retardation.

Small's syndrome – See Small's disease.

Smith-Fineman-Myers syndrome – A rare familial dysmorphism syndrome characterized by short stature, psychomotor retardation and unusual face.

Smith-McCort dwarfism – A familial skeletal disorder characterized by short trunk dwarfism, exaggerated lordosis, protrusion of the sternum, flattened

vertebral bodies, small hands and feet, clawed fingers and mental retardation.

Snakephobia- Fear of snakes. (Ophidiophobia)

Soceraphobia- Fear of parents-in-law.

Social Phobia- Fear of being evaluated negatively in social situations.

Sociophobia- Fear of society or people in general.

Solomon's syndrome – A congenital syndrome of anomalies affecting multiple body systems, especially the skin, skeleton, eyes, and central nervous system.

Solomon-Fretzin-Dewald syndrome – See Solomon's syndrome.

Somniphobia- Fear of sleep.

Somnophilia -- “Sleeping Beauty Syndrome”. Involves an erotic focus on having sex with a partner who is sleeping. Some suggest that this is the neurotic equivalent of necrophilia

Sophophobia- Fear of learning.

Soteriophobia - Fear of dependence on others.

Spacephobia- Fear of outer space.

Spectrophobia- Fear of specters or ghosts.

Spermatophobia or Spermophobia- Fear of germs.

Spheksophobia- Fear of wasps.

Spielmeyer-Sjogren disease – See juvenile amaurotic familial idiocy.

Spielmeyer-Vogt syndrome – See juvenile amaurotic familial idiocy.

Spielmeyer-Vogt-Stock disease – See juvenile amaurotic familial idiocy.

Stasibasiphobia or Stasiphobia- Fear of standing or walking. (Ambulophobia)

Staurophobia- Fear of crosses or the crucifix.

Steinert's disease -- See Curschmann-Batten-Steinert syndrome.

Steinert's disease – See Curschmann-Batten-Steinert syndrome.

Steinert's myotonic dystrophy -- See Curschmann-Batten-Steinert syndrome.

Stengel's syndrome – Juvenile amaurotic familial idiocy.

Stenophobia- Fear of narrow things or places.

Stigmatophilia -- Focus is on a partner who is tattooed or scarred. Can include partners with a body part pierced to wear jewelry. Also refers to the reciprocal condition where the focus is on one's self having tattoos, scares, or pierced areas with jewelry

Stock-Spielmeyer disease – See Stengel's syndrome.

Sturge's syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Sturge-Kalischer-Weber syndrome – See Sturge's syndrome.

Sturge-Parkes-Weber-Dimitri syndrome – See Sturge's syndrome.

Sturge-Weber syndrome – See Sturge's syndrome.

Sturge-Weber-Krabbe syndrome – See Sturge's syndrome.

Stygiophobia or Stigiophobia- Fear of hell.

Suriphobia- Fear of mice.

Symbolophobia- Fear of symbolism.

Symmetrophobia- Fear of symmetry.

Symphrophilia -- The sexual focus involves state-managing a disaster and watching for it to happen.

Syndrome de Gerstmann syndrome – Gyrus angularis syndrome with right-left disorientation.

Syndrome de Munchhausen par procuration – See Meadow's syndrome.

Syngenesophobia- Fear of relatives.

Syphilophobia- Fear of syphilis.

Tachophobia- Fear of speed.

Taeniophobia or Teniophobia- Fear of tapeworms.

Taphephobia Taphophobia- Fear of being buried alive or of cemeteries.

Tapinophobia- Fear of being contagious.

Taurophobia- Fear of bulls.

Tay-Sachs disease – A genetic disorder characterized by mental and motor deterioration and death within third year of life.

Tay-Sachs syndrome – See Tay-Sachs disease.

Technophobia- Fear of technology.

Teleophobia- 1) Fear of definite plans. 2) Religious ceremony.

Telephonophobia- Fear of telephones.

Teratophobia- Fear of bearing a deformed child or fear of monsters or deformed people

Teschler-Nicola and Killian syndrome – A multiple anomaly/mental retardation syndrome.

Teschler-Nicola and Killian-Pallister syndrome – See Teschler-Nicola and Killian syndrome.

Teschler-Nicola syndrome – See Teschler-Nicola and Killian syndrome.

Teschler-Nicola's syndrome – See Teschler-Nicola and Killian syndrome.

Testophobia- Fear of taking tests.

Tetanophobia- Fear of lockjaw, tetanus.

Teutophobia- Fear of German or German things.

Textophobia- Fear of certain fabrics.

Thaasophobia- Fear of sitting.

Thalassophobia- Fear of the sea.

Thanatophobia or Thantophobia- Fear of death or dying.

Theatrophobia- Fear of theatres.

Theologicophobia- Fear of theology.

Theophobia- Fear of gods or religion.

Thermophobia- Fear of heat.

Thiebaut's syndrome – A familial disorder of metabolism.

Thompson's syndrome – See Hurler's syndrome.

Tocophobia- Fear of pregnancy or childbirth.

Tomophobia- Fear of surgical operations.

Tonitrophobia- Fear of thunder.

Topophobia- Fear of certain places or situations, such as stage fright.

Touraine's syndrome III – A familial, possibly autosomal dominant disorder in which facial freckles are associated with mental retardation.

Tourette's syndrome – See Brissaud's disease.

Toxiphobia or Toxophobia or Toxicophobia- Fear of poison or of being accidentally poisoned.

Traumatophobia- Fear of injury.

Tremophobia- Fear of trembling.

Trichinophobia- Fear of trichinosis.

Trichopathophobia or Trichophobia or Hypertrichophobia- Fear of hair. (Chaetophobia)

Triolism -- Involves the “sharing” of a sexual partner with another person while the individual looks on, after which the onlooker may or may not share the sexual partner. Historically it has been conceptualized as a form of voyeurism. In Triolism, however, the sexual partners are typically aware that they are being observed. Usually reported to be a male activity.

Triskaidekaphobia- Fear of the number 13.

Trophophobia- Fear of moving or making changes.

Trypanophobia- Fear of injections.

Tuberculophobia- Fear of tuberculosis.

Tyrannophobia- Fear of tyrants.

Uranophobia- Fear of heaven.

Urophilia -- Also called urolagnia, urophagia, ondinisme, renifleurism, and undinism. The sexual focus is on the act of urination or on the urine itself.

Urophobia- Fear of urine or urinating.

Vaccinophobia- Fear of vaccination.

Vampirism -- Sexual arousal attained through blood extraction. \

Van Bogaert-Schrerer-Epstein syndrome – A familial disorder of metabolism.

van Gogh’s syndrome – See Meadow’s syndrome.

van-Bogaert-Bertrand spongy degeneration syndrome – A progressive, degenerative disorder of the central nervous system characterized by spongy changes in the white matter.

van-Bogaert-Bertrand syndrome – See van-Bogaert-Bertrand spongy degeneration syndrome.

Venustraphobia- Fear of beautiful women.

Verbophobia- Fear of words.

Verminophobia- Fear of germs.

Vestiphobia- Fear of clothing.

Virginitiphobia- Fear of rape.

Vitricophobia- Fear of step-father.

Walloonophobia- Fear of the Walloons.

Watson’s syndrome – A rare syndrome originally described as comprising pulmonary valvular stenosis, café-au-lait spots, dull intelligence, and short stature.

Weber’s syndrome – A congenital disorder involving the brain, skin, and eyes.

Weber-Dimitri syndrome – See Weber’s syndrome.

Wernicke’s cramp – A form of painful psychogenic muscle cramp precipitated by anxiety or fear.

Wernicke’s dementia – Frequent condition of old age marked by defective memory, loss of sense of location, and disorientation with confabulation.

Wernicke’s syndrome I – See Wernicke’s dementia.

Wernicke's syndrome II – See Wernicke's cramp.

Wernicke-Korsakoff disease – See Wernicke's dementia.

Wernicke-Korsakoff symptom complex – See Wernicke's dementia.

Wernicke-Korsakoff Syndrome – See Wernicke's dementia.

Werther's syndrome – A rash of suicidal attempts among young following a highly publicized suicide.

Wiccaphobia: Fear of witches and witchcraft.

Wiedemann-Rautenstrauch syndrome – A syndrome characterized by intrauterine growth retardation, low birth weight, failure to thrive, short stature, widely open cranial sutures, a progeria-like appearance, hypotonia, pseudohydrocephalus, lipoatrophy, and mental retardation.

Wiedemann-Tolksdorf syndrome – A syndrome of mental retardation, delayed speech development, accelerated growth, peculiar sheep-like facies, and deformities of the fingers and toes.

Wittmaack-Ekbom sequence – An unpleasant creeping sensation in the lower limbs, when the patient is at rest, inducing an intolerable restlessness and a desire to move the legs to relieve it.

Wittmaack-Ekbom syndrome – See Ekbom's syndrome.

Xanthophobia- Fear of the color yellow or the word yellow.

Xenophobia- Fear of strangers or foreigners.

Xerophobia- Fear of dryness.

Xylophobia- 1) Fear of wooden objects. 2) Forests.

Zelophobia- Fear of jealousy.

Zemmiphobia- Fear of the great mole rat.

Zeusophobia- Fear of God or gods.

Zoophilia -- Sexual fantasies, urges, or behaviors involving nonhuman animals.

Zoophobia- Fear of animals.